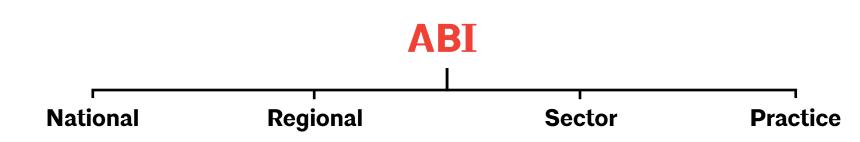


Architecture Billings Index (ABI)

April 2018

The Architecture Billings Index (ABI) is a diffusion index derived from the monthly Work-on-the-Boards survey, conducted by the AIA Economics & Market Research Group. The ABI serves as a leading economic indicator that leads nonresidential construction activity by approximately 9-12 months. The survey panel asks participants whether their billings increased, decreased, or stayed the same in the month that just ended. According to the proportion of respondents choosing each option, a score is generated, which represents an index value for each month. An index score of 50 represents no change in firm billings from the previous month, a score above 50 indicates an increase in firm billings from the previous month, and a score below 50 indicates a decline in firm billings from the previous month.

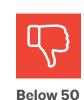
*All graphs represent data from April 2017–April 2018.



National

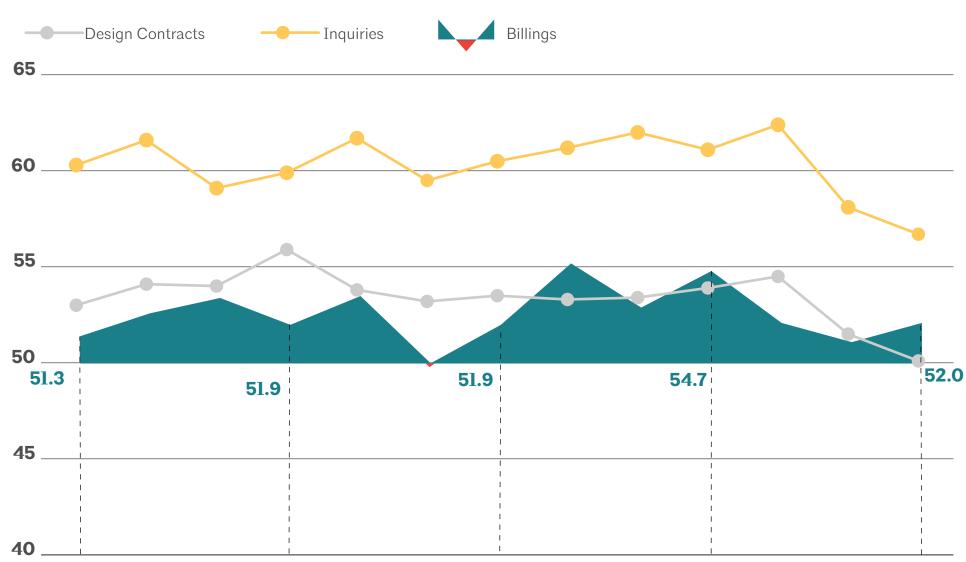
Firm billings continue their upward march in April







Graphs represent data from April 2017-April 2018.



Oct-17

Nov-17

Regional Western firms report continued strong

Apr-17

May-17

growth in billings Graphs represent data from April 2017-April 2018

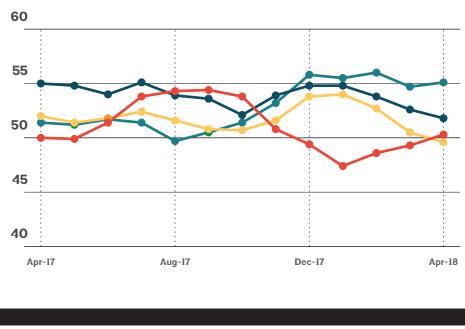
Jun-17

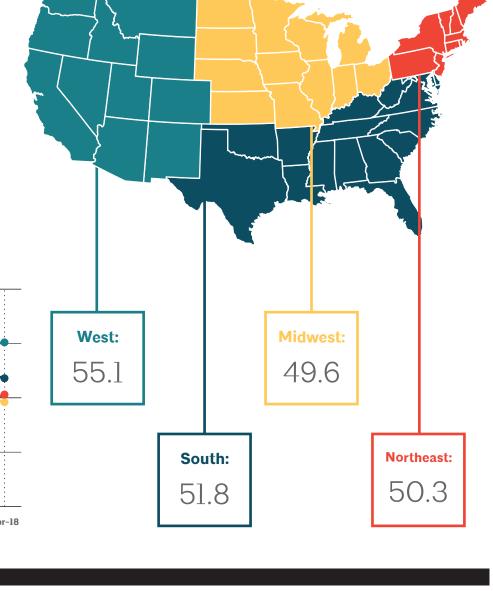
Jul-17

Aug-17

Sep-17

across the four regions. 50 represents the diffusion center. A score of 50 equals no change from the previous month. Above 50 shows increase; Below 50 shows decrease. 3-month moving average.





Jan-18

Feb-18

Dec-17

Mar-18

Apr-18

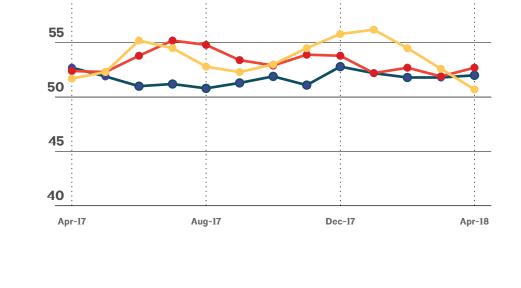
Commercial/industrial, and institutional firms see modest acceleration in billings

Sector

Graphs represent data from April 2017-April 2018

across the three sectors. 50 represents the diffusion center.

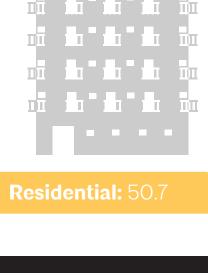
A score of 50 equals no change from the previous month. Above 50 shows increase; Below 50 shows decrease. 3-month moving average.







60



Firms finding it difficult to find qualified architecture staff units: of firms that currently have architecture positions, degree of difficulty in filling positions, % of firms

Practice

30.6%

